The Shepherd's Crook

(Scotland)

This is a 72-bar strathspey for one man and two women, collected by Mary Isdale MacNab. Directions are given as for a stage performance with an audience.

Cassette:

Dances frae the North, Vol 3

4/4 meter

Formation:

Sets of 3 dancers (one M, two W) all facing head of hall. The M stands between the two W, numbered as 1st W on his R and 2nd W on his L. Unless otherwise noted, all join nearer hands whenever possible.

Steps:

Shake and Rock (8 bars = 32 counts): With four hops on the count on the L ft, point the R foot to the side (ct 1); place against the back of the L leg (ct 2); point to the L instep (ct 3); extend with a shake to a diagonal aerial position (ct 4). Spring onto the R ft pointing the L ft behind (ct 5); spring onto the L ft pointing the R ft in front (ct 6); repeat cts 5-6, "rock fwd, rock back" (cts 7-8). Repeat with opp ftwk commencing with a spring onto the R ft (cts 9-16). Repeat all again to the R (cts 17-24) and L (cts 25-32).

<u>Highland Schottische</u> (4 bars = 16 counts): With 4 hops on one ft, the other ft points to the side (ct 1); against the back of the hopping leg (ct 2); to the side (ct 3); against the front of the hopping leg (ct 4); then dance a common schottische to the side—step (ct 5); together (ct 6); step (ct 7); hop (ct 8). Repeat all of this on the other side (cts 9-16). In ballroom hold, the M begins hopping on his R ft, the W on her L ft.

Cross-Over (8 bars = 32 counts): With 4 hops on the count on the L ft, point the R ft on the side (ct 1); place against the back of the L leg (ct 2); slide R ft around to the front of the L leg (ct 3); slide it again to the back of the L leg (ct 4). (This "sliding" movement is called "shedding.") With 2 more hops on the L ft, point the R ft again to the side (ct 5); and place against the back of the L leg (ct 6); then slide the R ft to the front of the L leg before springing onto the R ft and placing the L ft against the back of the R leg (ct 7); hop on the R ft dropping the L ft to point in the R instep (ct 8). (The "sliding" movement between cts 6 and 7 is called "cross-over.") Repeat with opp ftwk (cts 9-16). Repeat all again to the R (cts 17-24 and to the L (cts 25-32).

Last Shedding (8 bars = 32 counts): Dance 3 shedding movements with the R ft (cts 1-12)—while hopping on the L ft, point the R ft to the side (ct 1); place against the back of the L leg (ct 2); slide right ft around to the front of the L leg (ct 3); slide it again to the back of the L leg (ct 4); etc. Commencing with a spring on the R ft, dance a shedding movement with the L ft while hopping on the R ft; dance a shedding movement with the L ft while hopping on the R ft and making a complete turn to the R (cts 13-16).

Arms: During the shedding movements, the opposite arm from the working leg (the same arm a hopping ft) is raised overhead; the other arm is placed with the fist on the hip. This arm rule may also be applied to the turns, or both arms may be placed on the hips.

The Shepherd's Crook—continued

<u>Bars</u>	<u>Pattern</u>
Chord	INTRODUCTION. M bows and W curtsey, all facing audience.
	<u>FIGURES</u>
1-8	All turn to the R to face away from audience, and dance 4 Strathspey Travelling steps away from audience; turn again to the R and dance back to original places.
9-16	All dance the Setting step, Shake and Rock.
17-24	The Shepherd's Crook: The M guides 1st W to dance under the arch formed by his joined
	hands with 2nd W, and back to place. (In doing so, 1st W uses 4 Travelling steps to dance
	completely around the M; meanwhile the others dance one Setting step facing the audience,
	and then two small Travelling steps to turn inwards under their own arms.) This figure is then repeated with 2nd W dancing under the arch formed by the M and 1st W.
25-32	The M faces 1st W and, taking ballroom hold, they dance Highland Schottische; they then join
	R hands and turn once around to finish with 1st W in her original place and the M facing 2nd
	W (who has been standing facing them throughout this figure).
33-40	The M dances <u>Highland Schottische</u> in ballroom hold with 2nd W; they then join R hands and turn once around to finish with the M between the W, facing 1st W.
41-48	Reel of Three, beginning with the M giving L shldr to 1st W, and finishing in original
	positions facing the audience with hands joined.
49-56	All dance the Setting step, <u>Cross-Over</u> .
57-64	Forming a circle, dance three hands round to the L for 4 steps, and back to the R for 4 step,
	finishing in original positions, without hands joined.
65-72	The man dances the Setting step, <u>Last Shedding</u> ; the W modify this step by dancing a pivot turn to the R on bar 68, and 4 slow walking steps in a small circle to the L on bars 71-72.
Chord	M bows and W curtsey, all facing audience.

Presented by Robert McOwen